Philippine Medicines Policy 2022-2030

Ensuring Universal Access to Medicines and Pandemic Resiliency



Department of Health, Philippines

Looking back at the past decades...



First Philippine National Drug Policy Creation of the First National Drug Committee



Passage of Generics Act

<u>2008</u>

Cheaper Medicines Act Food and Drug Administration Act

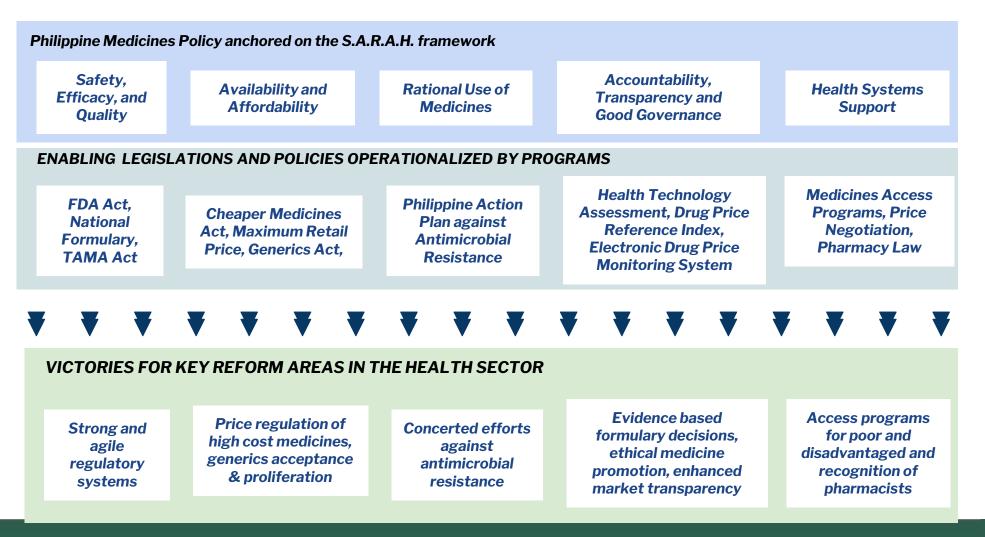
<u>2010</u>

First Philippine Medicines Policy



Promoting Medicines Access in the Philippines

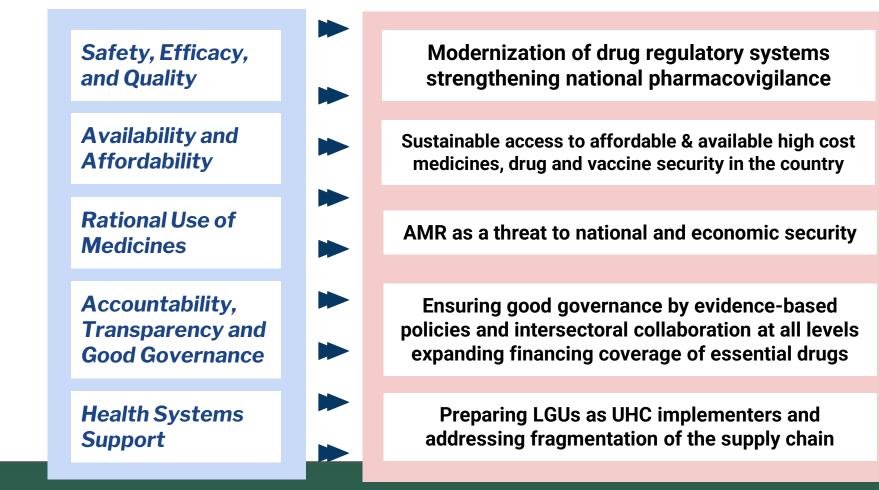
The 2011-2016 Philippine Medicines Policy Framework





Medicines Access in the next decade

Gaps and Challenges Encountered and Expected





Department of Health, Philippines

Lessons from the Pandemic

Gaps and Challenges

Modernization of drug regulatory systems strengthening national pharmacovigilance

Sustainable access to affordable & available high cost medicines, drug and vaccine security in the country

AMR as a threat to national and economic security

Ensuring good governance by evidence-based policies and intersectoral collaboration at all levels expanding financing coverage of essential drugs

Preparing LGUs as UHC implementers and addressing fragmentation of the supply chain

Pandemic Lessons

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Making medical countermeasures immediately available through regulatory systems

Promote accountability through governance

Build supply chain management systems

Foster public-private partnerships

Create national stockpiling and deployment plan

Combating misinformation and disinformation

Support the local industry to promote self sufficiency and vibrant competition in the market



Policy Framework

ACCESS Medicines Framework

A	С	С	E	S	S
Assurance of Safety, Efficacy, and Quality	Collaboration on Availability and Affordability	Commitment to the Rational Use of Medicines	Effective Networking, Partnerships, and Good Governance	Sustainable Financing and Resources	Strengthening Health Systems



Policy Framework

ACCESS Medicines Framework

vision: 2030

SUSTAINABLE ACCESS to quality & affordable essential medicines REDUCED OUT-OF-POCKET SPENDING aligned with the Sustainable Development Goals and Universal Health Care agenda

MISSION:



Strengthen regulatory excellence to be at par with international standards, promote mutual reliance



Continuous and timely availability, affordability, accessibility of safe and quality medicines



Informed, efficient and resilient pharmaceutical supply chain system that is responsive to local needs



Effect behavioral changes among individuals and communities with rational medication use



Empower non-government actors to engage with government in policy and decision making processes



Accountability and good governance in all levels of the health system through digitized systems



Increase and sustain financing and other resources in medicine



Guarantee systems, public or private, that contribute to improving medicines access



Department of Health, Philippines

Assurance of Safety, Quality and Efficacy

Key Strategies:

- 1. Strengthen the regulatory system for medicines
- 2. Build and design the clinical trial ecosystem to elevate the country as a Regional Center of Excellence
- 3. Institutionalize the National Pharmacovigilance Program
- 4. Combat substandard and falsified (SF) medicines
- 5. Strengthen the regulation of herbal products and complementary medicines









Collaboration on Availability and Affordability

Availability - Key Strategies:

- 1. Promote self-sufficiency through local production
- 2. Strengthen strategic procurement initiatives for medicines
- 3. Implement the Philippine Supply Chain Roadmap
- Create equitable access schemes for medicines in Geographically Isolated and Disadvantaged Areas (GIDAs)
- Ensure timely supply and delivery of essential medicines and its alternatives to Indigenous Cultural Communities (ICC) and Indigenous Peoples (IP)
- 6. Ensure drug and vaccine security for health emergencies



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Collaboration on Availability and Affordability

Affordability - Key Strategies:

- 1. Promote fair competition in the pharmaceutical industry
- 2. Advance efforts on market transparency
- 3. Promote the use of quality biosimilars and unbranded generics
- 4. Improve affordability and access to high-cost medicines
- 5. Sustain tax exemptions for medicines
- 6. Implement policies on discounts for Special Populations
- 7. Strengthen local capacity for innovation and apply intellectual property to improve public health
- 8. Stabilize Drug Prices during Health Emergencies



A C C E S S



Commitment to the Rational Use of Medicines

Key Strategies:

- 1. Streamline processes for the development of National Clinical Practice Guidelines
- 2. Regularly update the Philippine National Formulary
- 3. Strengthen the Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committees at all levels of healthcare
- 4. Promote rational prescribing, dispensing, and use of medicines
- 5. Implement the National Action Plan to Combat Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR) through One Health Approach
- 6. Mainstream the use of Traditional and Complementary Medicines in the health system
- 7. Foster the ethical promotion of medicines



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Effective Networking, Partnerships, and Good Governance

Networking and Partnerships - Key Strategies:

- 1. Establish and standardize Guidelines and Frameworks for Networking and Partnerships
- 2. Harmonize and prioritize areas for networking and partnerships
- 3. Ensure the sustainability of existing networking and partnerships
- 4. Create clear standards of Good Governance in medicines (GGM)
- 5. Uphold transparent, evidence-based, and accountable processes







Sustainable Financing and Resources

Key Strategies:

- 1. Strengthen the national strategic purchasing of medicines
- 2. Ensure good value for money through evidence-based selection of essential medicines
- 3. Maximize price negotiation as a mechanism to improve the affordability of medicines for public funding



4. Strengthen local government financing



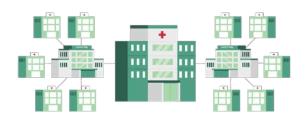


Strengthening Health Systems

Key Strategies:

- 1. Ensure sufficient manpower and capacitated human resources
- 2. Establish a Module on the Integrated Health Information System (iHIS) for medicines
- 3. Create a unified research agenda on medicines
- 4. Promote health literacy and people empowerment
- 5. Support access to medicines within Health Care Provider Networks (HCPNs)







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Milestones and Indicators

Milestones

 Key events, policies, or actions in the roadmap that mark a significant stage towards our ultimate goal of better access to medicines

Access Indicators

- <u>Outcome measures</u> ideally capable of capturing the impacts of our policies across the different dimensions/pillars of the ACCESS Roadmap
 - Mostly from WHO Indicators on Medicines
 - Aligned with the SDG Indicators (3.8 and 3.b.3)



Currently aligning the final indicators with the UHC Health Financing Strategy and the NOH